



Smalltalk Conversion Economics

Instantiations



Introduction

- Purpose: To Identify Estimating Models for Smalltalk Conversions
- Topics of Discussion
 - Function Points
 - Productivity Comparison
 - Quality Comparison
 - Cost Comparison
 - Defect Injection

Sizing Source Code Volumes

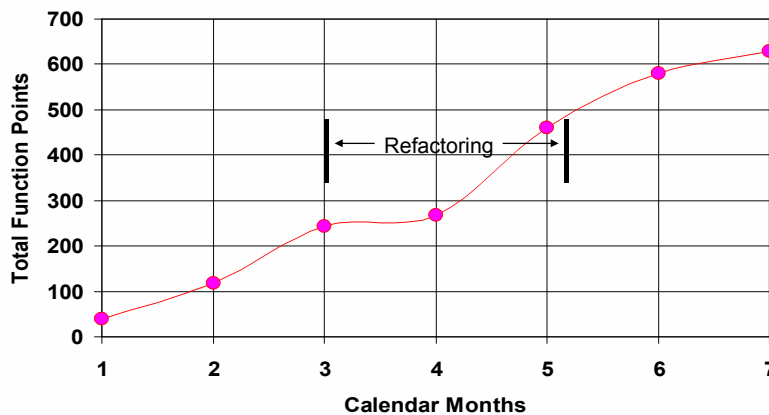
Language	Source lines of code per function point
▪ Smalltalk	21
▪ C++/Java	53
▪ ADA83	71
▪ PL/1	80
▪ FORTRAN/COBOL	107
▪ C	128
▪ Macro Assembler	213
▪ Basic Assembly Language	320

Based on SPR studies

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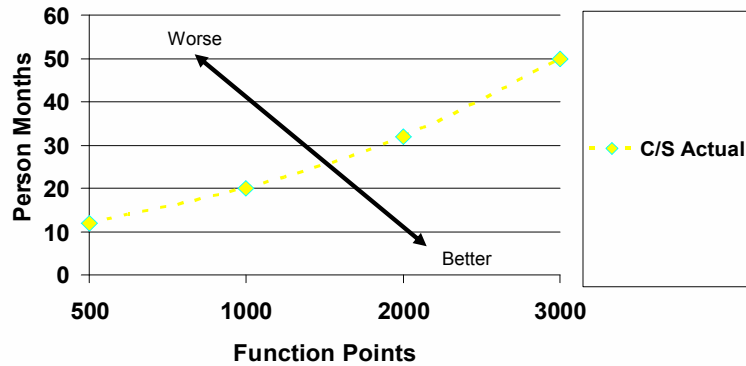
e-Web Development Ebb and Flow



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Actual Smalltalk Productivity Sample



Based on McConnell, "Rapid Application Development", SPR studies and actual measured results

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Efficient Schedules

Sample Project Effort Estimation Table

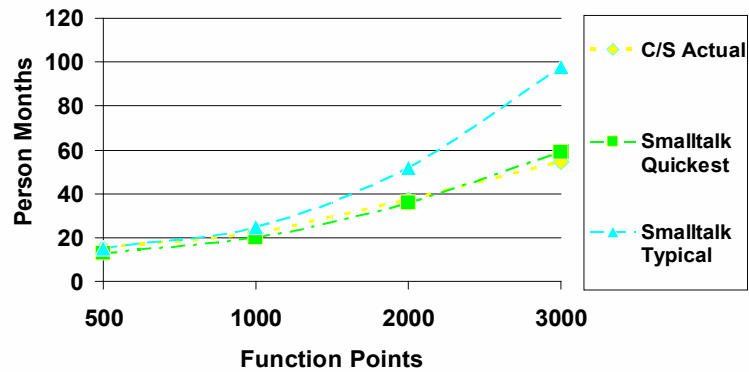
System Size (Lines of Code)	Schedule Months	Business Products Effort Man-Months	Actually 13K LOC in 7 Man-Months
10,000	4.9	5	←
15,000	5.8	8	
20,000	7	11	
25,000	7	14	
30,000	8	20	
35,000	9	24	
40,000	9	30	
45,000	9	34	
50,000	10	40	
60,000	10	49	
70,000	11	61	
80,000	12	71	
90,000	12	82	
100,000	13	93	

Table 8-9 Efficient Schedules from S. McConnell's *Rapid Development* derived from data in *Software Engineering Economics* (Boehm 1981), "An Empirical Validation of Software Cost Estimation Models" (Kemerer 1987), *Applied Software Measurement* (Jones 1991), *Measures for Excellence* (Putnam & Meyers 1992), and *Assessment and Control of Software Risks* (Jones 1994)

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Comparison of Actual & Estimated Smalltalk Productivity

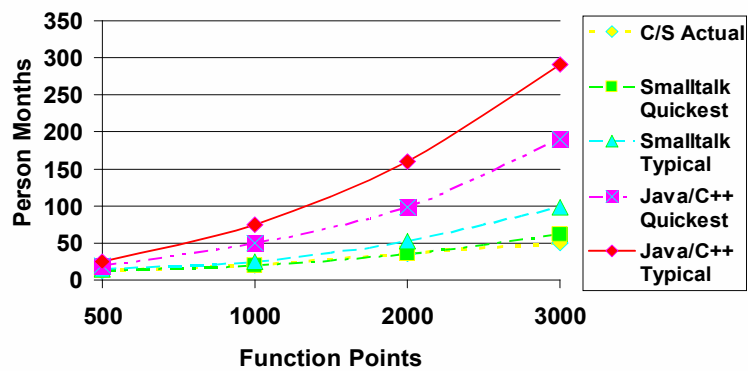


Based on McConnell, "Rapid Application Development", SPR studies and actual Linea Performance

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Relative Java & Smalltalk Productivity

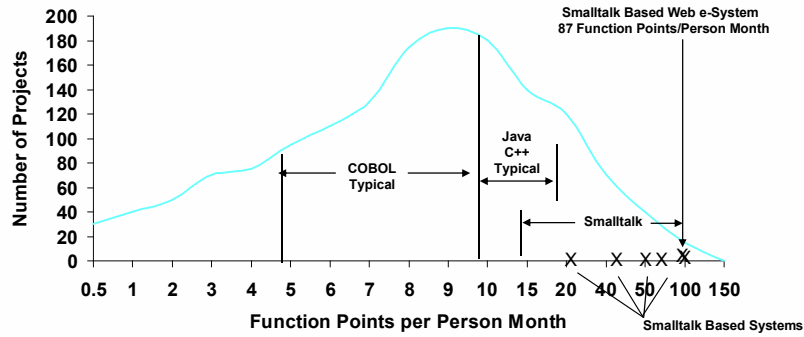


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Distribution of Productivity Rates



Distribution of productivity rates of 1500 software projects Figure 16.1
from Capers Jones' "Estimating Software Costs" modified with SPR productivity data

Productivity and Cost Comparisons

	← Smalltalk based →					
	<i>e-Web</i>	<i>C/S</i>	<i>Prudential</i>	<i>L</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>SPR</i> <i>Java</i> <i>C++</i>
Function Points/Person Month	87	57	45	55	24	20-10
Cost/Deployed Function Point	\$185	\$410	\$536	?	?	\$1000

Cost and Schedule

	VisualAge Smalltalk		C++, Java	
Source Lines of Code Per Function Point ¹	21		53	
5000 FP Equivalent Source Lines of Code	105K		265K	
	Months	Person Months	Months	Person Months
Shortest Possible Schedule ²	9	110	13	330
Efficient Schedule ³	13	93	19	280
Typical Nominal Schedule ⁴	15	165	22	480
Typical Number of Software Developers ⁵	11		22	
Hourly Software Developer Cost	\$40 to \$100		\$40 to \$120	
Typical Project Estimated Total Cost ⁶	\$1M to \$2.5M		\$3M to \$9M	

¹ Capers Jones, op. cit.,

² McConnell, op. cit., Business Products, Table 8-8.

³ Ibid., Table 8-9

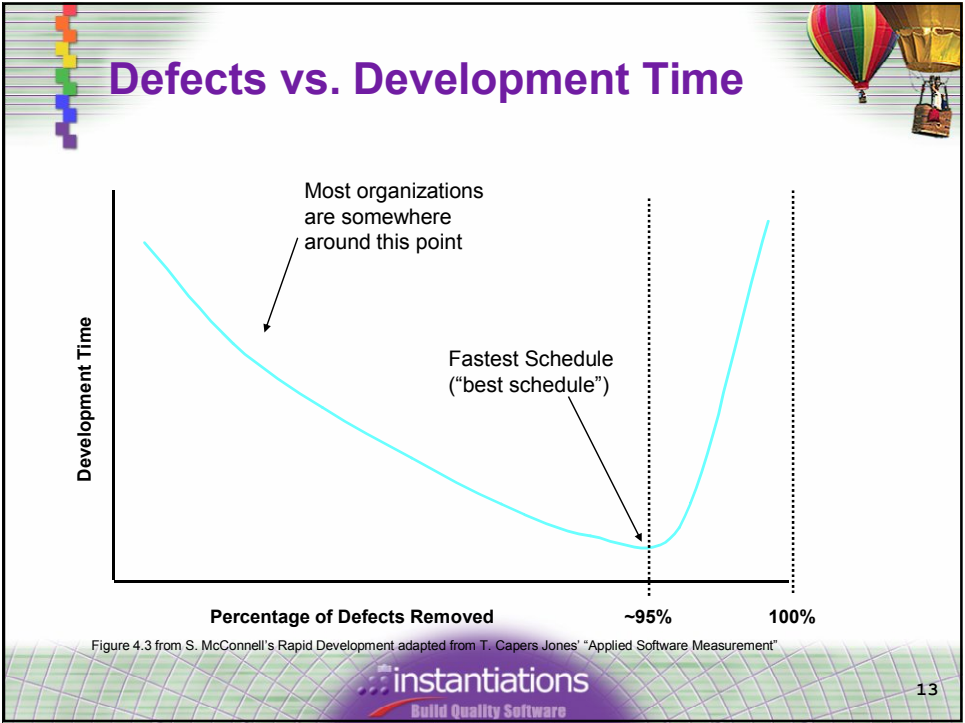
⁴ Ibid., Table 8-10

⁵ For a typical nominal schedule, Person Months/Months

⁶ (Hourly Software Developer Cost) x (160 hours per person month) x (Typical Nominal Schedule Person Months)

Impact of Software Quality

- Testing now consumes half of Development Schedule
- Many organizations developing software with defect levels that give longer schedules than necessary
- Based on 4000 projects surveyed:
 - Poor quality is one of most common reasons for schedule overruns
 - Poor quality implicated in half of all canceled projects
- Up to four times the normal number of defects reported for products developed under excessive schedule pressure

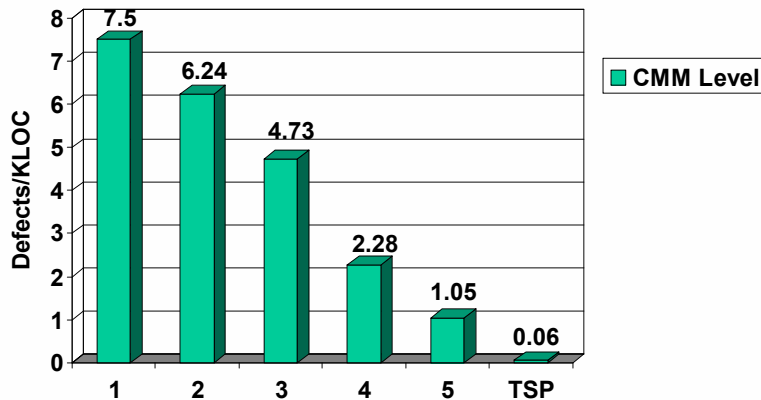


Programming Errors per FP

• Smalltalk	0.14	← Smalltalk can provide the basis for extremely high quality systems!
• SQL	0.18	
• Objective C	0.19	
• Eiffel	0.21	
• Visual Basic	0.21	
• ADA 95	0.50	
• Java	0.50	
• RPG	0.54	
• C++	0.82	
• Modula II	0.84	
• Quick Basic	1.11	
• Pascal	1.18	
• PL/I	1.30	
• COBOL	1.50	← Industry Average 1.40
• FORTRAN	1.68	
• Algol	1.71	
• C	2.50	
• Macro Assembler	5.01	
• Basic Assembly	9.28	

Coding and syntax bugs only, per function point, Table 21.8 from T. Capers Jones' "Estimating Software Costs"

Defect Density of Delivered Software



Ref SEI Technical Report 2003-014

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Impact of Software Quality

- Experienced developers inject 100+ defects/KLOC
- Only half of defects found by compiler
- Reminder must be detected by inspection & testing
- 50KLOC (2400FP) ST software conversion would
 - start with 5K defects
 - Enter testing with 50+ defects/KLOC (2500 defects)
 - Have half of defects found in unit test at a rate of 2-3 hour
 - Have remainder found through system testing at 10-20 hours/defect
 - Have total testing 13K-25K hours (i.e., 5 developers 12-18 calendar months, \$500K - \$2.5M)

Watts Humphrey PSP pg 142

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Conclusions

When significant new functionality must be developed

- Smalltalk for 4-9x more productive than Java.
- Smalltalk software development quality is unparalleled and is 3x better than Java, on a per function point basis.
- Smalltalk to Java conversion costs can match original ST development costs
- Economics makes most ST to Java conversion VERY unrealistic